Transforming Equitable Care Health Outcomes (ECHO) to Health Equity

Health Disparities Vision Statement
“Be a leader in eliminating disparities in health and health care, provide equitable care to our members, target resources to areas of need in the communities we serve, identify and implement strategies and policies that support equity in health nationwide, including universal coverage.”
- Kaiser Foundation Health Plan/Hospitals Boards of Directors (2007)

Quality through the Health Equity Lens: Addressing Disparities and Social Determinants of Health for Blacks/African American with Hypertension

Key Drivers:
- Leadership focus
- Staff Education: Culturally Tailored Interventions & Responsive Care, Evidence Based Clinical Practice Guidelines (medication adherence, treatment intensification), Healthcare Delivery System Redesign, Member Education: Lifestyle Change, Behavior Modification

Improved Quality Outcomes

Moving forward through Integration

Equitable Care Health Outcomes
- Data: 16 HEDIS measures
- Race, Ethnicity, Language Preference (RELP)
- Hypertension Care Management- African Americans
- Colorectal Cancer Screening- Hispanics/Latinos
- Diabetes A1C Control

Equitable Care
- IOM 6 aims of improvement gender, ethnicity, geographic location, and socioeconomic status (SES)
- National Quality Priorities

Health Equity
- Total Health
- Beyond quality and healthcare
- Workforce diversity
- Community engagement /CHNA
- Social determinants of health

30% Family History and Genetics
20% Environmental/Social Factors
10% Medical Care

References:
1. J. Michael McGinnis, et al; The Case For More Active Policy Attention To Health Promotion; Health Affairs, 2002